Iraq's Prime Minister al-Abadi visited Fallujah on 26 June, declaring the city to be liberated from ISIL. Those fleeing the city and surrounding area are receiving WFP Immediate Response Rations (IRRs) and Family Food Rations (FFRs) upon arrival at the displacement sites set up mostly around Habbaniya Tourism City (HTC) and Amariyat al-Fallujah (AAF).

The Iraqi military and its allies have initiated a major push in the mission to liberate the city of Mosul, which has been held by ISIL since June 2014. Fighting between the militants and the army began in the area around Qayyarah, a strategic point for crossing the Tigris River, 80km south of Mosul on 12 June. So far, more than 500 families have fled from ISIL-held areas in Ninewa to Salah al-Din. The Mosul operation is likely to lead to the displacement of hundreds of thousands, many of whom will require food assistance.

WFP Response

Under EMOP 200677, WFP aims to assist 1.5 million internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Iraq per month through three modalities: Family Food Rations (FFRs); cash-based transfers (CBTs); and IRRs.

As part of the regional EMOP 200433, to support Syrian refugees who have fled the conflict, WFP aims to provide CBTs to 72,500 Syrian refugees residing in nine camps across Iraq per month.

WFP leads three inter-agency Clusters to coordinate humanitarian action on the ground. Co-led by FAO, the Food Security Cluster works with local partners to coordinate the food security response to the crisis in Iraq. By heading the Logistics and Emergency Telecommunications Clusters through Special Operation 200746, WFP assists UN and NGO partners to ensure an effective logistics and telecommunications response.

Data collection for the CFSVA for Iraq was completed on 05 June 2016.
June. Data entry, cleaning, and validation will be complete by the end of June, and data analysis will take place in the third week of July. The CFSVA will help to provide a better understanding of the impact of conflict and low oil prices on food security and the Public Distribution System (PDS) in Iraq.

**Food Assistance**

- In May, WFP assisted 700,000 IDPs with FFRs, including 346,000 woman and girls. Those receiving in-kind assistance from WFP in the governorates of Dohuk, Baghdad and Anbar will receive both June and July entitlements in June. This ensures that beneficiaries receive necessary assistance while there are changes to WFP’s cooperating partners.
- Over 270,000 IDPs received assistance through CBTs in May, including unrestricted cash for 7,300 displaced people. Families with 1-5 people received USD 10 per person, with 6-9 people received USD 50 per household, and families with 10 or more people received USD 80 per household.
- In order to rapidly assist those fleeing conflict-affected areas in the country, WFP provided IRRs to 66,000 individuals in May. More than 80 percent of IRRs were distributed in Anbar governorate alone, with 74,000 people being assisted in AAF and HTC. Over 50,000 people have received FFRs in the same two areas.

**Logistics**

- WFP currently has 24,685 mt of commodities in storage at its warehouses in three logistics hubs: Baghdad, Dohuk, and Erbil.

**Clusters**

**Food Security Cluster (FSC)**

- The FSC is closely monitoring the humanitarian response around Fallujah, including visits to the area to coordinate food assistance efforts. The FSC response involves more than ten partners.

**Logistics Cluster**

- Two additional staff joined the Logistics Cluster team and will be working on updating the Logistics Capacity Assessment (LCA) and the development of a logistics-related preparedness plan in the event that Mosul Dam collapses.

**Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC)**

- The ETC Coordinator took part in a joint UN security mission to AAF, approximately 30km south of Fallujah, to assess the need for ETC services.

**Partnerships**

- On 02 June, WFP signed a Field Level Agreement (FLA) with the Qatar Red Crescent (QRC) to support 100,000 displaced people in Anbar governorate with FFRs and cooking utensils. This comes in response to increased levels of displacement in the area, particularly Fallujah.

**Resourcing Update**

- Without additional funding, vulnerable Iraqi IDPs are at risk of losing vital WFP assistance. Currently, WFP requires USD 61 million to continue providing assistance to IDPs up to December.
- During the reporting period, Iraq Special Operation 200746 received USD 3 million from USAID to support the Logistics Cluster and the ETC, while France confirmed USD 567,000 for Iraq EMOP 200677.

**Gender**

- WFP has been nominated by the Iraq Prevention of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse (PSEA) Network to co-lead, along with United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), coordination and implementation efforts to tackle sexual exploitation and abuse in Iraq.

**Fleeing Fallujah**

Maderia is from Fallujah in Anbar governorate. She has been displaced since February 2015 and has lost three family members due to the conflict, which has been particularly intense in Anbar. She managed to escape ISIL militants and made it to Amaryiat al-Fallujah, just a few kilometres from her beleaguered hometown, before moving to Baghdad. Maderia now lives in an unfinished building with 11 other people. She told WFP that she has barely enough food to get by each month. She has been receiving food from WFP for one year now and thanks WFP for their continued assistance. While her living situation has been precarious for over a year now, WFP assistance is providing a vital lifeline to get her through these difficult times.

**Contacts**

- Maha Ahmed, Deputy Country Director and Country Director, a.i.: maha.ahmed@wfp.org
- Craig Browne, OIM and Reports Officer: craig.browne@wfp.org

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**WFP Iraq**

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<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total Received (in USD)</th>
<th>Six Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>People Reached (April cycle)</th>
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*Following the pledges made at the London Conference, the refugee operation is fully funded until the end of 2016.*